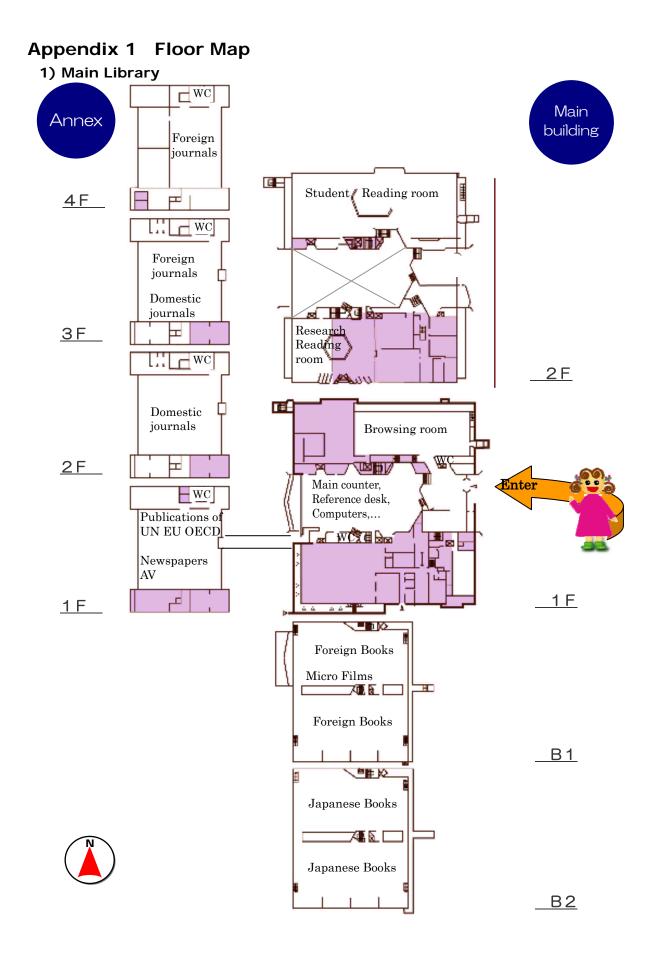
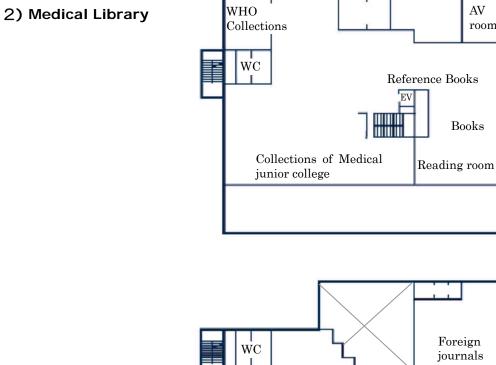
Appendix







<u>3F</u>

2 F

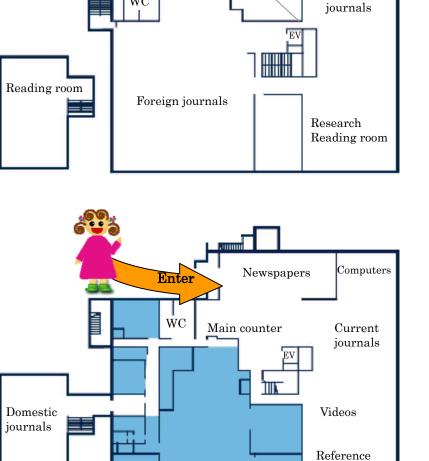
AV

Books

Foreign

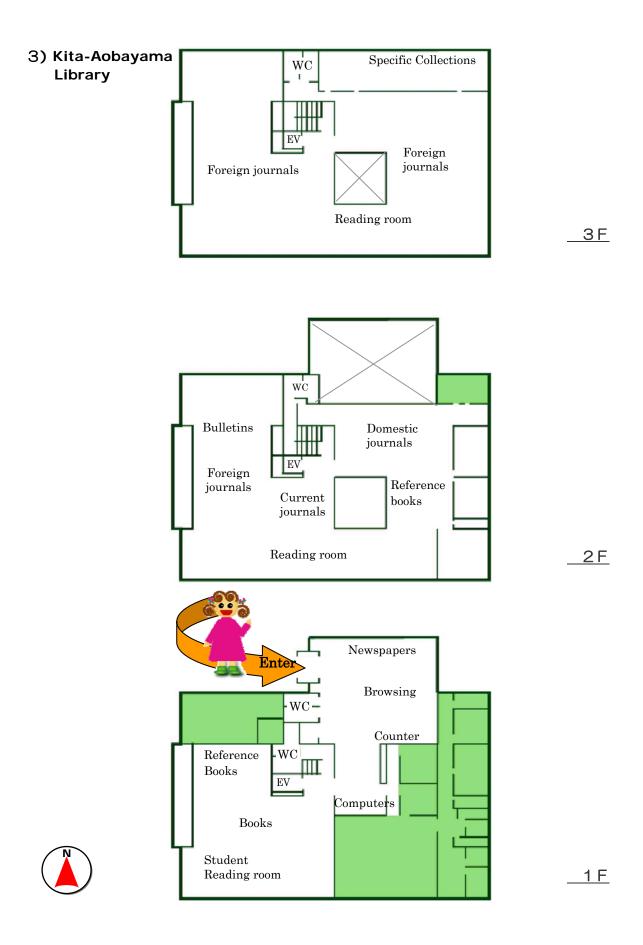
books

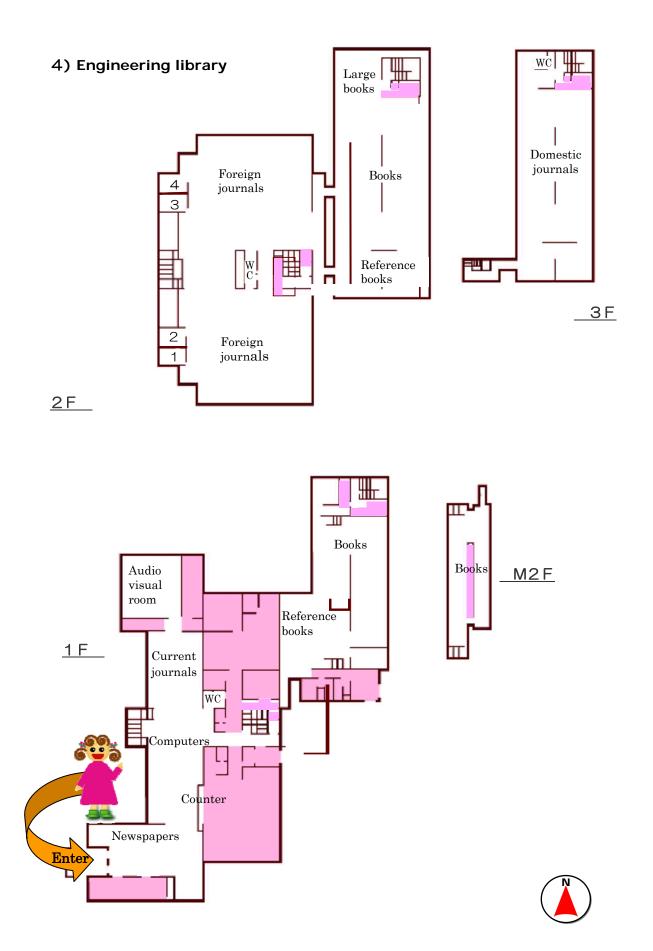
room



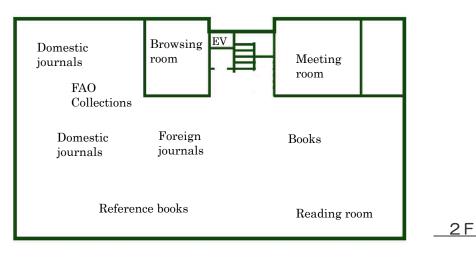


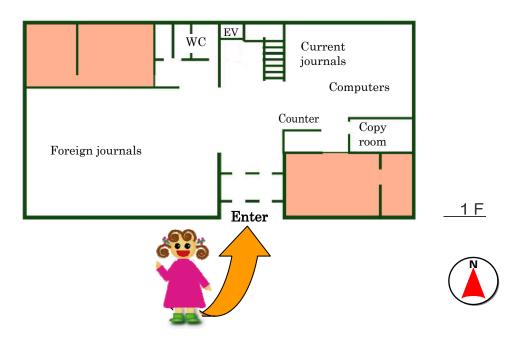
1 F





5) Agricultural library





Appendix 2 About Japanese Universities and Libraries

2.1 Japanese Universities

In Japan, there are National, Public (Prefectural / Municipal, etc.) and Private Universities. They all have libraries of their own, and the libraries are associated with each other to act cooperatively. They make efforts jointly to provide a high quality library service, Interlibrary loans, e-DDS, online references, an integrated system and so on.

Number of Universities in Japan (as of Dec 21, 2009)

- National Univ. • • 86
- Public Univ. • • 92
- Private Univ. • • 595
- *cf. http://www.mext.go.jp/english/index.htm
- (1) National Universities: Tohoku University, Hokkaido University, University of Tokyo, Kyoto University...

There is one National University in each prefecture at least, including an individual medical college, educational college and so on.

(2) Public Universities: Miyagi University, Tokyo Metropolitan University...

Self-governing bodies organize these universities.

(3) Private Universities: Tohoku Gakuin University, Keio University, Waseda University...

The Organizers of these universities are mainly individuals, and some universities were founded by corporation.

Many Universities have graduate schools, master's degree courses (2 years), and doctoral courses(3 years). In Japan, people graduate high school at age 18, so it's possible to take a doctorate at age 27. Few Universities allow stages in this process to be skipped.

Japanese school (elementary school, junior high school, high school and University or College) begins the new term from April. The calendar of Tohoku University is as follows (in the case of undergraduates 2009):

1st semester (April 1-September 30)		2nd semester (October 1-March 31)	
Spring Vacation	April 1~ April 6	Health and Sports Day (Holiday)	2nd Monday of October
Entrance Ceremony	April	Special Orientation for New International Students	October
Special Orientation for New International Students	April	Culture Day(Holiday)	November 3
Showa Day(Holiday)	April 29	Labor Thanksgiving Day(Holiday)	November 23
Constitution Memorial Day(Holiday)	May 3	Emperor's Birthday (Holiday)	December 23
Green Day (Holiday)	May 4	Winter Vacation	December 29 ~January 5
Children's Day (Holiday)	May 5	New Year's Day (Holiday)	January 1
Annual Health Checkup	May	Coming of Age Day (Holiday)	2nd Monday of January
University Foundation Day	June 22	National Foundation Memorial Day (Holiday)	February 11
Marine Day(Holiday)	3rd Monday of July	Vernal Equinox Day (Holiday)	March 21
Summer Vacation	Aug~Sep	Commencement	March
Respect for the Aged Day(Holiday)	3rd Monday of September		
Autumnal Equinox Day(Holiday)	Sep 23		

http://www.insc.tohoku.ac.jp/handbook/handbook_e/index.html

In Japan, each university provides a helpdesk or special staff to assist international students in life and to complete their courses. Tohoku University provides *The Center for International Exchange*.

See for further information:

http://www.insc.tohoku.ac.jp/cms/index-e.cgi

2.2 University Libraries in Japan

Each university has their own library, small colleges have one on campus, but large universities which have several campuses have several libraries. Generally, there is a main library and a number of branch libraries in that case. Branch libraries sometimes belong to each faculty.

Members of the University are able to use their library at no charge except for some services (e.g. photocopying). But holidays, opening hours, and circulation rules differ between libraries. Confirm these before visiting a library.

When you became a member of the university, you will get a student ID card. In many Universities, you can use the library with this card, but sometimes you have to make a separate application to get a library card. Ask library staff whether you need to complete a separate procedure to use your library.

2.3 How to use other university libraries in Japan

When you use your university's library, there is no problem. On the other hand, when you would like to use another university's library, you need to fulfill the correct procedure before your visit.

If you visit other libraries without contacting them beforehand, you may not be able to use the library.

Please ask your library staff about the correct procedure. They will write a letter of introduction if you need one.

You can request photocopies of papers from another library via your library.

Appendix 3 Information Service Institutions

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(1) Japanese Institutions
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- National Institute of Informatics (NII) (http://www.nii.ac.jp/index.shtml.en)
- Japan Science and Technology Agency (JST) (http://www.jst.go.jp/EN/index.html)
- National Diet Library (NDL) (http://www.ndl.go.jp/en/index.html)
- (2) Foreign Institutions
 - The British Library (BL) (http://www.bl.uk/)

(3) Data-base Service Institutions

- Thomson Scientific (http://www.thomsonscientific.jp/)
- Japan Association for International Chemical Information (JAICI) (http://www.jaici.or.jp/english/)
- National Library of Medicine (NLM) (http://www.nlm.nih.gov/)

(4) Others

- Japan Patent Office (JPO) (http://www.jpo.go.jp/)
- National Center for Industrial Property Information and Training (NCIPI) (http://www.inpit.go.jp/english/index.html)
- Japanese Standards Association (JSA) (http://www.jsa.or.jp/default_english.asp)
- International Medical Information Center (IMIC) (http://www.imic.or.jp/)

Appendix 4 Abbreviation Table

Abbreviation	Full form
Ann. Annu.	annals / annual / annalen / annale / annali
anon.	anonymous
арр.	appendix
arch.	archives
art.	article
Aufl.	auflage
Ausg.	ausgabe
Bd.	band
beil.	beilage
bibl. bibliog.	bibliography
Bull.	bulletin
С.	copyright
с. са.	circa (=about)
cf.	confer (=compare)
ch. chap. chaps.	chapter
col.	color
col. cols.	column
comp. comps.	compiled by / compiler
conf.	Conference
cong.	Congress
corr.	correction
C.R.	Comptes Rendus
Dept. Depts.	department
Diss.	dissertation
div. divs.	division
do.	ditto
doc.	document
ed. eds.	edited by / edition / editor
ed.cit.	editio citata / edition cited
e.g.	exempli gratia (=for example)
enl. enlgd.	enlarged
et al.	et alia (=and others) et alibi (=and elsewhere)

Abbreviation	Full form		
fac. facsim.	facsimile		
fasc.	fascicle		
fig. figs.	figure		
hb. hbk.	hardback		
hft.	Heft		
hg.	herausgeber		
hrsg.	herausgegeben		
ib. ibid.	ibidem(=in the same place)		
id.	idem (=the same)		
i.e.	id est (=that is)		
ill. illus.	illustrated / illustration		
inst.	institute		
int.	international		
ISBN	International Standard Book Number		
ISSN	International Standard Serial Number		
Izv.	izvestiia / izvestiya		
J.	journal		
Jahrg.	jahrgang		
I. II.	line		
l.c. loc.cit.	loco citato (=in the same place cited)		
m.s. MS. mss.	manuscript		
N/A	not applicable / not available		
n.d.	no date		
n.p.	no place / no publisher		
n.pag.	no pagination		
n. no. nos.	number		
n.s. NS	new series / new style		
op.cit.	opere citato (=in the work cited)		
р. рр.	page		
par.	paragraph		
Pat.	patent		
pb. pbk.	paperback		
pl.	plate		
proc.	proceedings		

Abbreviation	Full form
pt. pts.	part
pub.	published by / publication / publisher
repn. rpt.	reprint / reprinted
rept.	reported by / report
rev.	review
rev.ed.	revised edition
sec. sect. secs.	section
ser.	series
[<i>sic</i>]	(=so, thus)
s.l.	sine loco(=no place of publication)
s.n.	sine nomie(=without name)
supp. suppl.	supplement
symp.	symposium
t. tom.	tome
tab.	table
T.O.C.	table of contents
t.p.	title page
t.p.verso	title page verso
T.R.	technical report
tr. trans.	translator / translation / translated
trans.	transaction
v. vol. vols.	volume
Ζ.	Zeitschrift

